

What are the dangers for our children?

- **Biggest danger is the not knowing** –
 - 26% of parents can't check website history
 - 65% of young people can clear internet history
 - 65% of parents can deny access to specific websites
 - 46% of children can get round parental blocks
 - 33% of children have met a 'friend' online
 - 8% have had a face-to-face meeting with an online friend
 - 89% told someone they were doing so
UK Children Go Online, 2005, 9-19 year olds
 - 40% boys/ 57% girls asked to undress on webcam; 1 in 3 boys/ 1 in 10 girls did
Remco Pijpers Foundation (2006, N=10,900 teens <18 yrs, Holland)
- Usage and experiences are not reported to parents/teachers as they interfere with access

Useful websites for E-safety information

<http://www.parentscentre.gov.uk/>

www.thinkuknow.com

<http://www.getnetwise.org/>

<http://www.childnet-int.org/>

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/webwise/>

<http://www.iwf.org.uk/>

<http://www.coatesprimaryschool.info/index.php?p=e-safety>

Our website will be updated with children's work and current issues regarding E-safety.

<http://www.saferinternet.org.uk/advice-and-resources/parents-and-carers/parental-controls>

Tips for parental controls accessible by your internet provider

Please ask Miss McKee if there are any other information you would like to know. Leaflets always available from Miss McKee:

Guide to Facebook

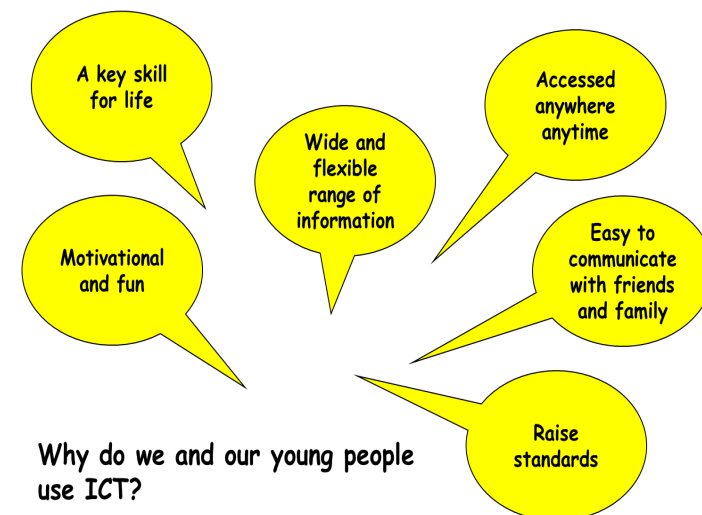
Guide to Social Networking Sites

Supporting Young People online

Keeping Young People online safe



E-safety at Coates and at home



Why do we and our young people use ICT?

eSafety – Summing up the risks

- **Content** -sexual, racist, violent unreliable/bigoted i.e. safety of children's minds
- **Commerce** - scams, phishing and pharming, downloads which steal information- children's and parents!
- **Contact** - via interactive technologies - IM, chat, multiplayer games
- **Culture** - bullying, camera phones, blogging, social networking

Home and Family Guidelines

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ☺ Practical principles children. | Talk with, NOT at your |
| ☺ Infrastructure to-date, | Agree family guidelines and rules. Discuss regularly online safety. Virus and firewall software up |
| ☺ Education | Browser 'safe search' enabled. Learn together about new technologies and enjoy! Reflect together about new the benefits, dangers |
| technologies, and potential. | |
| ☺ Systems | Keep webcams in family rooms Monitor time spent on the internet View the 'History' or purchase filtering software. Have proportionate responses to problems. |

Your child will not tell you about a problem if they feel their access to the technologies will be restricted.

How we use the internet and other technologies

Parents / Carers

- e-mail
- Shopping
- Booking holidays
- Research

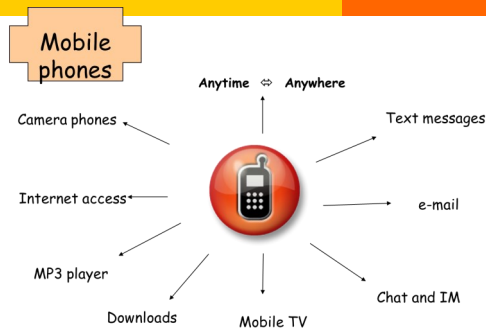
Young people

- Music
- Games
- Chat
- Instant Messaging IM
- Blogs
- Social Networking

Some of the technologies currently being used



- Blog is short for web log or online diary
- Easy to create and use
- Easy to add comments and share ideas or opinions



Podcasting

- Podcasting is publishing radio style sound recordings on a website. It's like a radio show stored as an MP3 file.
- By podcasting, you can broadcast to the world without the need for specialist equipment or a licence.
- It is a great way to share work

Podcast* (from 'ipod' and 'broadcast')

Chat Rooms

- **Chat Rooms** are websites or part of websites that provide an area for communities with common interests to chat in real time. Many ⇌ Many
- **Instant Messaging IM** is a way of communicating with another individual in real time across the internet using text-based not voice communication. One ⇌ One

Instant messaging

Gaming sites

- Games are played by all ages with regular players spending 11 hours per week
- Role-play, adventure and life simulations are becoming very popular
- Added extra elements of self-expression and personalisation
- Play on-line with other gamers from around the world
- Play in real-time

Video broadcasting



- Video sharing websites are where users can upload, view and share video clips
- Videos can be rated and the number of times viewed recorded
- Video recorded with mobile phones can easily upload
- YouTube is one of the ten most popular websites

Social networking



Based on the idea of networking with friends

P2P file-sharing

- File-sharing or peer-to-peer (P2P) are terms used to describe sharing files (resources) directly between computers.
- To get started you will need to download P2P software from a website
- This software creates a 'shared media' folder on your computer from which other P2P users can access your files
- You can then exchange music, videos, games etc with other P2P users

Child friendly search engine www.kidrex.org - this is safer than other search engines as it filters unsuitable content.